export goods have been detected by Delhi Customs, Details are furnished in statement I *(See* below).

(c) and (d). Some cases have been observed where exporters have received payments through banking channels without making any exports. Details are furnished in Statement II.

Statement-II

List of Exporters who have received payments through Banking Channels on Non-existent Exports

SI. No	. Name of Exporter	No of Exports	FOB Value (Rs. in lakhs)
1.	Asheema Exports	7	200
2.	Ishaan Exports	2	61
3.	Ashee Exports	2	62
4.	Asheema Fashions Ltd.	5	120
5.	Ishaan International	2	61
6.	Toraytex Weaves P. Ltd.	30	163
7.	Dharam Exports	4	33
8.	Dharam Impex P. Ltd.	1	8
9.	Monica Int'l	35	135
10.	Saroj Silk Mills	9	89
11.	Pallavi Commercial P. Ltd.	7	69
12.	R.K. Exports	6	49
13.	Madalsa Multi Fab P. Ltd	4	77
14.	Sagar Exports	5	20
15.	Vigneswar Marketing	8	74

Action Taken: Detailed investigations are in progress. Cheques/Drafts for an amount of Rs. 13.5 crores have been deposited by some of the exporters towards duty liabilities. 35 persons have been arrested so far in this connection.

Recall of Indian Scarves from USA

1511. SHRI GOVINDRAO ADIK: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Consumer Product Safety Commission of the United States has asked India to recall 3,75,000 scarves on account of being made on inflammable material;

(b) if so, why such scarves were exported when in the past skirts of such material were returned by the United States;

(c) whether Government had adhered to the inflammability test certificate for these scarves from one of the designated laboratories in India;

(d) If so, whether these scarves had passed the test; if not, reasons for their export; and

(e) whether Government are considering to cancel the name of such exporters in order to avoid bad name for the country?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRI KAMAL NATH): (a) to (e) During 1995, the US Consumer Product Safety Commission, a statutory body, had tested various kinds of rayon apparel items imported from India as a follow up to the measures initiated last year to check the imports of quickly flammable skirts made of 100% sheer rayaon chiffon. The Commission had found that the rayon skirts, blouses and dresses being exported from India were meeting US flammability standards. However, they had found a deficiency in respect of some 100% sheer rayon scarves.

On receipt of this information, the Apparel Export Promotion Council was instructed to give

endorsement on the shipping bills of 100% rayon chiffon apparel items being exported to the USA only on production of a flammability test certificate issued by one of the notified laboratories stating that the items conformed to the flammability standards of the importing country.

Government is not contemplating any other action against the exporters whose consignments of sheer rayon scarves had not met the U.S. flammability standards.

Power Situation in Punjab and Haryana

1512. SHRI BHUPINDER SINGH MANN: Will the Minister of POWER be pleased to state:

(a) the demand and supply of power in Punjab and Haryana during the last five years;

(b) the demand and supply position of power at present and the steps taken to make up for the short supply of power in these States;

(c) whether it is a fact that power supplied to the farmers in *the* States has been less than the prescribed quality;

(d) if so, steps taken to check this malpractice; and

(e) the orogress made in regard to gas-pipeline project via Pakistan for augmenting power supply?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF POWER (SHRIMATI URMILABEN CHIMANBHAI PATEL): (a) The energy requirement and availability in Punjab and Haryana from 1990-91 to 1994-95 is given below:

(Allfigures in MU net)

	1990-911991-92	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95
Punjab: Require ment 15451	17238	18165	18780	20035
Avail-ability 15084	16177	17506	18181	19250
Haryana: Require ment 8905	10326	11340	11745	11695
Avail bility	8649	10126	11079	10640	1113

(b) During the period April-October, 1995, the power supply position in Punjab and Haryana are as under:

(All figures in MU net)

	Punjab	Haryana
Requirement	13305	7755
Availability	13018	7632
Deficit	287	123
(%)	2.2	1.6

In order to bridge the gap between demand and availability, in Punjab and Haryana various measures taken include expediting the commissioning of new generating capacity, implementation of short gestation projects, improving the performance of existing power stations, implementation of R&M programme, reduction of T&D losses, implementation of better demand management & energy conservation measures and transfer of power from neighbouring States/systems. In addition, both the States also get their due share from the central sector stations in Northern region.

(c) and (d) During the month of October, 1995, Agricultural consumers in Punjab and Haryana were on an average getting 11 hours per day supply in groups, which is adequate to meet irrigation requirements.

(e) The Union Ministry of Power is not involved in the proposal for finalisation of details about the Oman-India gas pipeline.

स्वदेशी कपड़ा मशीनों की मांग

1513. **श्रीमती सुषमा स्वराज** :

श्री राम जेठमलानी :

क्या वस्त्र मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगें कि:

(क) क्या यह सच हैं कि गत कुछ वर्षो से स्वदेशी विनिर्मित कपड़ा मशीनों की मांग निरन्तर घट रही हैं;

(ख) यदि हां, तो क्या 1991-92 मे देश में स्वदेशी